CIRCLE <u>Care and Income Redistributive Cycles in</u> the <u>Lives of Europeans</u>"











Overall motivation

The overall motivation of CIRCLE is to provide new empirical evidence of the impact of the interaction between the economic and demographic changes and the welfare systems on the distribution of the resources, rights and responsibilities between generations.



Research aims

The project CIRCLE explores the effects of the ongoing economic and demographic changes on:

- 1) the intergenerational distribution of income and
- 2) the intra-household informal insurance of care and income risks in Europe.



Research background

- In many EU countries welfare provisions addressed to older people are pay as you go financed and fast population ageing boosts redistribution from the young to the old.
- However compensatory mechanisms redistributing resources from the old to the young are often implemented at intra-household level, mainly through inter-vivos transfers and informal care provisions.



Work package I

Intergenerational redistribution of resources

 evaluates the intergenerational redistribution of resources induced by the major provisions of the European welfare systems addressed to older people



Work package I

Research papers and policy briefs

- □ Role of the minimum pension provisions on elderly wellbeing
 - EU countries, hypothetical household simulations, CSB Minimum Income Protection Indicator dataset
- □ Redistributive effects of taxes on public and private pensions
 - EU countries, microsimulation techniques, EUROMOD
- □ Revenue and distributive consequences of pension tax expenditures
 - EU countries, microsimulation techniques, EUROMOD



Work package II

Intergenerational insurance of income and care risks

investigates the informal intra-household mechanisms of intergenerational insurance of income and care risks in European countries in the last ten years.



Work package II Research papers and policy briefs

- ☐ The changing patterns of income mobility by age cohorts in EU countries
 - EU countries, longitudinal econometric techniques, EU-SILC
- □ Patterns in household living arrangements: cohorts cohabitation in EU countries and poverty risk
 - EU countries, longitudinal econometric techniques, EU-SILC & EU-LFS
- □ The redistributive effects of the cross-generational transfers in multigenerational household
 - EU countries, microsimulation techniques, EUROMOD & EU-SILC module on intra-household sharing of resources.



Work package II Research papers and policy briefs

- □ Grandmothers' labor force participation and daughters' fertility and working choices
 - EU countries, longitudinal econometric techniques, EU-SILC
- □ Career interruptions and labour market disadvantages
 - EU countries, longitudinal econometric techniques, SHARE-LIFE



Work package III

Intergenerational conflicts

investigates the perceptions and comprehension that individuals have of the aims of the main welfare provisions and of their implications in term of intergenerational relationships. A new survey will be run in Belgium, Italy and Spain allowing new research on this unexplored issue.



Work package III

Research papers and policy briefs

- Information and education strategies to avoid intergenerational conflicts
 - Belgium, Italy and Spain, info from new variables added to surveys representative of older population



Work package IV

Dissemination strategy

designs a cogent dissemination strategy



Consortium

Leader partner:

Center for research on Pensions and Welfare
 Policies – Collegio Carlo Alberto (Italy).

Partners:

- Centre for Social Policy University of Antwerp (Belgium)
- University of Alcalá (Spain).

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